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Maurice and Karen Meaney

Engineering Constraints & Feasibility Report

Proposed Housing Development at Whitesland East, Kildare Town, Co. Kildare

November 2022



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1 Introduction

Donnachadh O'Brien and Associates Consulting Engineers Ltd. (DOBA) have been appointed by Maurice and Karen Meaney to prepare a desktop engineering constraints and feasibility report for a greenfield site zoned for existing residential use and located at Whitesland East, Kildare Town. Co. Kildare. This report has been compiled using desktop information gathered from publicly available resources including Kildare County Council, Irish Water, and other utility providers.

1.1 Existing Greenfield Site

The 1.05 hectare site is situated in the Whitesland East area which is to the northeast of Kildare Town, approximately 1.5km from the Kildare town centre as shown outlined in red in **Figure 1.1**. Access to the site is off the R415 (Rathbride Road) and there is approximately 24.0m of the site fronting onto the R415.

The site currently undeveloped green space and is bordered by existing houses north and south, the R415 to the west and agricultural land to the east. A Topographic survey was not provided but the approximate elevation on the R445 fronting the site is +105.02m OD which is indicative of the over all site as it is relatively flat. There is no record of previous planning applications on this site.



Figure 1.1 Proposed site location

1.2 Proposed Development

The proposed future development may consist of a 40 unit housing development, internal road, parking spaces and a public open space of 1,427m² with access off the R415 to the west. Refer to **figure 1.2** below.



Figure 1.2 Proposed development

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2 Surface Water

2.1 Existing Surface Water Network

According to the publicly available infrastructure maps (**Appendix A**) there is an existing 150mm surface water drainage pipe approximately 54.0m south of the site on Rathbride Abbey as shown in **figure 2.1**. Based on a review of Irish Water drawings it appears that this network drains to a soakpit and as these pipes are 150mm it can be assumed that this network does not have capacity to accommodate the surface water runoff from 40 additional houses.

There are no watercourses available to discharge surface water to onsite. We are also aware from other sites we have worked on in the same general area north of Kildare town that there are typically no surface water ditches in the area and that surface water runoff discharges to ground in this part of Kildare town.



Figure 2.1 Existing storm network

2.2 Site Investigation Works

As mentioned above there is no available surface water network and surface water runoff must be discharged to ground. In our experience the ground conditions consist of deep lying gravel layers

usually found around 3-5m below ground level. A BRE365 Digest test was carried out by DOBA at three locations as shown in **figure 2.2** to determine the infiltration rates – See **Appendix B** for results.

Trial Pits to 2.5m BEGL: Top soil overlies clay which was encountered in depths between 0.6m and 2.4m where upon gravel was encountered. No ground water was encountered during the course of excavation and the final depths achieved (2.5m) are not indicative of rock horizon. This is consistent with other sites we have worked with on the north side of Kildare Town.

BRE Digest 365 soakaway tests: Infiltration tests in accordance with BRE Digest 365 were carried out by DOBA on the site to a depth of up to 2.5m. Moderate infiltration rates of 3.32×10^{-5} m/s were recorded on average between the 3 test locations.



Figure 2.2 Test pit locations

2.3 Proposed Surface Water Drainage

The objectives of the Kildare County Council Draft County Development Plan 2023 – 2029 "seek to ensure the sustainable management of surface water discharges through Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems (SuDS). SuDS is a nature - based solution to water management that aims to manage surface water as close as possible to its origin by replicating the natural characteristics of rainfall run-off from any site ensuring water is infiltrated or conveyed more slowly to the drainage system and ultimately to water courses via permeable paving, swales, green roofs, rainwater harvesting, detention basins, ponds, and wetlands."

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The design and management of surface water for the proposed development will comply with the SuDS policies and guidelines outlined in the Greater Dublin Strategic Drainage Study (GDSDS) and with the requirements of Kildare County Council noted above. A 30% climate change factor and 10% urban creep factor will be included for the design of the surface water network in accordance with the requirements of Kildare County Council Water Services Department.

Surface water runoff from the roofs will discharge to ground through deep lying infiltration trenches and soakaways in the gardens of each house in conjunction with rainwater harvesting to reduce runoff and green or blue roofs where the building design accommodates. All parking spaces will be constructed as permeable paving to allow surface water runoff from the roads to discharge directly to ground. In addition, infiltration trenches through the open green space can be utilised for further surface water drainage.

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3 Foul Drainage

3.1 Existing Foul Network

According to the Irish Water infrastructure maps (**Appendix A**) of the area there is an existing 225mm diameter foul main fronting the site along the R415 (Rathbride Road). See **figure 3.1.**



Figure 3.1 Existing waste water network

3.2 Irish Water Pre-Connection Enquiry

A Confirmation of Feasibility dated August 26 2022 (refer to **Appendix C**) has been received from Irish Water in response to a Pre-Connection Enquiry which states that a wastewater connection **is feasible without infrastructure upgrade** for a housing development of 40 units.

4 Water Supply

4.1 Existing Water Network

According to the Irish Water infrastructure maps (**Appendix A**) of the area there is an existing 100mm diameter UPVC water main fronting the site along the R415 (Rathbride Road). See **figure 4.1.**



Figure 4.1 Existing water network

4.2 Irish Water Pre-Connection Enquiry

A Confirmation of Feasibility dated August 26 2022 (refer to **Appendix C**) has been received from Irish Water in response to a Pre-Connection Enquiry which states that a water connection **is feasible without infrastructure upgrade** for a housing development of 40 units.

5 Flooding

5.1 Fluvial Flooding

Fluvial flooding, as defined by the OPW, occurs when rivers and streams break their banks and water flows out onto the adjacent low-lying areas. Fluvial flooding can arise where the runoff from heavy rain exceeds the natural capacity of the river channel.

In order to determine the risk to a site from flooding, areas are divided into specific flood zones which outline the likelihood of flooding being experienced at certain locations. According to the Planning System and Flood Risk Management Guidelines for Planning Authorities, the flood zones are defined as;

- Flood Zone A where the probability of flooding from rivers and the sea is highest (greater than 1% or 1 in 100 for river flooding or 0.5% or 1 in 200 for coastal flooding);
- Flood Zone B where the probability of flooding from rivers and the sea is moderate (between 0.1% or 1 in 1000 and 1% or 1 in 100 for river flooding and between 0.1% or 1 in 1000 year and 0.5% or 1 in 200 for coastal flooding);
- Flood Zone C where the probability of flooding from rivers and the sea is low (less than 0.1% or 1 in 1000 for both river and coastal flooding). Flood Zone C covers all areas of the plan which are not in zones A or B.

The OPW carried out the CFRAM Studies and produced informative maps of areas indicating their susceptibility to flooding up to and including the 0.1% AEP event (1 in 1000 chance of occurrence in any given year) which is the upper limit of the study.

Having reviewed the available information on floodinfo.ie it has been confirmed that the proposed development is in Flood Zone C and that there has been no history of flooding in the area.

The site is therefore not at risk from fluvial flooding and is deemed appropriate for residential development and no further assessment is required.

5.2 Pluvial Flooding

Pluvial flooding is the result of rainfall-generated overland flows which arise before run-off can enter any watercourse or sewer. It is usually associated with high intensity rainfall.

There is no evidence of historical pluvial flooding issues in the area and provision of adequate nature based storm water drainage systems will minimize the risk from pluvial flooding sources.

As noted in Section 2.4 the surface water runoff will discharge to ground. Nature based drainage solutions such as permeable paving, swales, green roofs, rainwater harvesting, detention basins,

ponds, and wetlands will be utilized where appropriate. The proposed surface water network will be designed to mitigate against the potential for pluvial flooding for rainfall events up to a 1 in 100 year event + 30% climate change factor and 10% urban creep factor.

6 Road Infrastructure

The main site access is from the R415 immediately west of the site as shown in figure 6.1.



Figure 6.1 Adjacent road location

The R415 is a Regional road with a posted speed limit of 50kph. It is a reasonably busy road connecting Kildare Town centre to Kildare Town AFC and Currabeg Stables and ultimately a taking traffic along the R415 to Allenwood or along the L3003 to Rathangan. The existing road frontage is shown in **figure 6.2.**



Figure 6.2 Existing road frontage

An Autotrack analysis must be carried out on the proposed road layout to ensure it is accessible for a fire tender and refuse truck and that sufficient turning space is provided for access and egress.

Parking spaces must be provided as required by table 15.9 the Kildare County Development Plan as shown in figure 6.3 below.

Residential	
House	1 space each for units up to and including 3 bed units and 1 space + 0.5 visitor spaces for units of 4 units or greater
Apartment	1.5 spaces per unit + 1 visitor space per 4 apartments

Figure 6.3 Extract from Table 15.9 of the Kildare County Development Plan

6.1 Sightlines

A minimum of 49m sightlines must be achieved in each direction at the proposed exit location in accordance with Table 4.2 in DMURS for a 50 kph speed limit as shown in **figure 6.3** below.

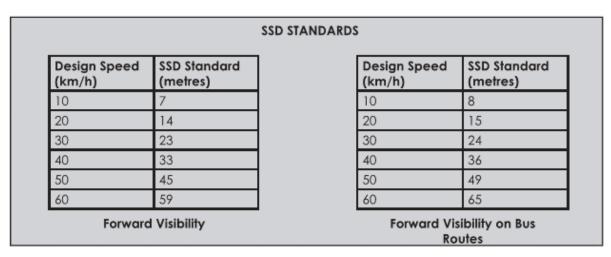


Figure 6.3 Table 4.2 from DMURS (Sight line requirements)

This will necessitate the removal of the existing trees along the site frontage and may require an agreement from the neighbouring property owners north and south of the proposed development in order to setback the existing hedges and piers to accommodate the required sightlines. As the adjacent property owners are have family ties to the owners of the proposed development and this is not seen to be a concern. This is subject to obtaining a topographic survey along the road frontage of these properties in order to determine the requirements at the detailed design stage.

6.2 Existing Footpath

There is an existing footpath on the west side of the road opposite to the site and on the east side of the road approximately 60.0m south of the site however there is no continuity of the footpath to provide safe pedestrian access from the site into Kildare Town which KCC will require.

Similar to above this may require an agreement with the owners of the neighbouring properties north and south of the proposed development to accommodate a new footpath (subject to a topographic survey).

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7 Conclusions

DOBA carried out a desktop review and site visit in order to determine engineering constraints and asses the proposed site for suitability for the development of 40 residential units.

Site access from the R145 road is feasible but would be subject to detailed topographical survey of the road. A Road Safety Audit may be required for this development and would be carried out prior to detailed design.

A Confirmation of Feasibility has been received from Irish water in regards to domestic water and foul connections and no upgrades are required to facilitate the development.

It is likely that surface water discharge from roof and paved areas of any future development will be discharged to ground through an infiltration trenches. Infiltration rates have been determined through BRE Digest Infiltration testing carried out by DOBA and preliminary calculations completed for an infiltration blanket design. Nature based drainage infrastructure (ponds, swales, SUDS features) will be required in order to comply with KCCs drainage requirements.

KCC Roads Department will require continuity for pedestrian access from the proposed development south into Kildare Town. This may require an agreement with the neighbouring property owners.

All of the above is subject to detailed design and survey/assessment of the site and the topography. Based on the information available on CFRAMS fluvial flooding is not a design constraint for the proposed site.

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Appendix A – Irish Water Maps

Irish Water Web Map Surface Water





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(including maps or mapping data). NOTE: DIAL BEFORE YOU DIG Phone: 1850 427 747 ore-mail dig@ gasnetworks ie - Theactual position of the gas/electricity distribution and transmission network must be verified on site before any mechanical excavating takes place, If any mechanical excavation is proposed, hard copy maps must be requested from GNI regas. All work in the vicinity of gas distribution and transmission network must be completed i accordance with the current edition of the Health & Safety Authority publication, Code of Pnactice For Avoiding Danger From Underground Services' which is available from the Health and Safety Authority (1890 28 9 3 89) or can be downloaded free of charge at www.hsa.ie

Water Distribution Network ▲ Water Pump Station T Storage Cell/Towe Meter Station Abstraction Point Raw Water Water Distribution Main Irish Water Trunk Water Mains - Private Water Lateral Lines Water Casings --- Water Abandoned Line Waste Meter Non-Return DQ PSV National Strategy Supplied Str

Maste Water Treatment Plant ▲ Waste Water Pump station

- Gravity - Combined

Pumping - Combined
Pumping - Foul Pumping - Unknow Syphon - Combined
Syphon - Foul

Pumping - Unknown
Syphon - Combined
Syphon - Foul

- Sewer Lateral Lines - Sewer Casings

- Overflow

Catchpit

Bifurcation

Lamphole

Discharge Type

Overflow

Cleanout Type

Sewer Inlets

CP Catchpit ⊕ Gully

Standard

Sewer Fittings

VC Vent/Col

Other; Unknow

Other; Unknow

Soakaway

Other: Unknow

- Overflow Gravity - Combined Gravity - Foul

Gravity - Unknown Pumping - Combined
Pumping - Foul

M Boundary Meter Bulk/Check Meter Group Scheme

M: Linknown Meter : Other Mete

✓ Sluice Line Valve Open/Closed ₹ Butterfly Line Valve Open/Closed Sluice Boundary Valve Open/Closed

★ Scour Valves Single Air Control Valve Double Air Control Valve

⊗ Water Stop Valves ■ Water Distribution Chambers

Water Network Junctions

Fire Hydrant ●FH Fire Hydrant/Washour

Water Fittings □ Cap ▼ Reducer

Sewer Foul Combined Network

- Surface Gravity Mains → Surface Gravity Mains Private

Surface Water Pressurised Mains

Inlet Type

Other: Unknown Storm Manholes

 Backdrop Catchpit
Bifurcation Hatchbox

Lamphole ▲ Hydrobrake Other: Unknown --- Storm Culverts

Storm Clean Outs Stormwater Chambers

Discharge Type C Overflow

Soakaway OTHER Other Unknown Gas Networks Ireland

--- Distribution Medium Pressure Gasline

- Distribution Low Pressure Gasline **ESB HV Lines**

- HV Abandoned

ESB MVLV Lines MV Overhead Three Phase -- MV Overhead Single Phase - LV Overhead Three Phase

OTHER Other: Unknow -- LV Overhead Single Phase MVLV Underground Rodding Eye - Abandoned O Flushing Structure

Non Service Categories Proposed Under Construction

 Out of Service Water Non Service Assets

-- Water Pipe Water Structure

Waste Non Service Assets Waste Structure

Irish Water Web Map Foul





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Health and Safety Authority (1890 28 9 3 89) or can be downloaded free of charge at www.hsa.io

Pumping - Combined
Pumping - Foul

Pumping - Unknown
Syphon - Combined
Syphon - Foul

Gravity - Combined

Gravity - Unknown
Pumping - Combined
Pumping - Foul

Pumping - Unknown
Syphon - Combined
Syphon - Foul

Sewer Lateral Lines
 Sewer Casings

- Overflow

Catchpit

Bifurcation

Lamphole

Discharge Type

Overflow

Sewer Inlets

CP Catchpit ⊕ Gully

Standard

Sewer Fittings

Vent/Col

Other; Unknow

Other: Unknow

- Overflow

Water Distribution Network ▲ Water Pump Station T Storage Cell/Towe Meter Station Abstraction Point Raw Water Water Distribution Main Irish Water Trunk Water Mains - Private Water Lateral Lines Water Casings --- Water Abandoned Line M Boundary Meter Bulk/Check Meter Group Scheme Waste Meter M: Unknown Meter : Other Mete Non-Return DQ PSV ✓ Sluice Line Valve Open/Closed ₹ Butterfly Line Valve Open/Closed Sluice Boundary Valve Open/Closed National Strategy Supplied Str ★ Scour Valves Single Air Control Valve

Double Air Control Valve

■ Water Distribution Chambers

Water Network Junctions

⊗ Water Stop Valves

Fire Hydrant

Water Fittings

☐ Cap
☐ Reducer

●FH Fire Hydrant/Washour

Sewer Foul Combined Network

Waste Water Pump station

Storm Water Network

Surface Water Mains

Waste Water Pump station

Sever Mains Irish Water
Gravity - Combined
Gravity - Foul

Standard
 Other; Unknown

Storm Manholes

Standard
 Backdrop
 Cascade

Catchpit
Bifurcation
Hatchbox

Lamphole

Hydrobrake
Other; Unknown

Storm Culverts
Storm Clean Outs
Stormwater Chambers

Discharge Type

Outfall

Overflow

Transmission High Pressure Gasline
 Distribution Medium Pressure Gasline

Distribution Low Pressure Gasline
 ESB Networks
 ESB HV Lines
 HV Lines

HV Underground
HV Overhead
HV Abandoned

ESB MVLV Lines

MV Overhead Three Phase

Soakaway — MV Overhead Three Phase
MV Overhead Single Phase
WV Overhead Three Phase
LV Overhead Three Phase
LV Overhead Three Phase

Cleanout Type

RE Rodding Eye

LV Overhead Three Phase

LV Overhead Three Phase

LV Overhead Three Phase

MVLV Underground

Abandoned

F Rodding Eye — MVLV Undergroun

Abandoned

Flushing Structure Non Service Categories

Proposed

Proposed
Under Construction
Out of Service

◆ Water Structure

Waste Non Service Assets

W Waste Point Feature

Waste Structure

Irish Water Web Map Water





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Standard
Standard
Backdrop
Cascade
Catchpit

Bifurcation
Hatchbox
Lamphole

Hydrobrake
 Other, Unknown
 Discharge Type

Sewer Inlets

CP Catchpit ⊕ Gully

Sewer Fittings

Vent/Col

Other; Unknow

© Overflow Soakaway

● Water Stop Valves
● Water Service Connections
■ Water Distribution Chambers
■ Water Network Junctions
■ Water Network Junctions

Pressure Monitoring I
Fire Hydrant

Bulk/Check Meter

W Unknown Meter; Other Meter
 Non-Return
 Non-Retur

✓ Sluice Line Valve Open/Closed

National State
Natio

National Strategy Supplied Str

Group Scheme

Waste Meter

★ Scour Valves

Single Air Control Valve

Double Air Control Valve

DQ PSV

● Fire Hydrant/Washou
Water Fittings
□ Cap
■ Reducer

Vater Treatment Plant Surface Water Ma

n → Surface Gravity Mains → Surface Gravity Mains Private → Surface Water Pressurised Mains

■ Surface Water Pressurised Mains
■ Surface Water Pressurised Mains Private
Inlet Type
■ Gully

Standard
 Other; Unknown
 Storm Manholes
 Standard
 Backdrop

Cascade
Catchpit
Bifurcation
Hatchbox
Lamphole

Hydrobrake
 Other; Unknown
 Storm Culverts
 Storm Clean Outs

Stormwater Chambers
Discharge Type

Overflow
Soakaway
Soakaway
Soakaway
Soakaway
Soakaway

Transmission High Pressure Gasline
 Distribution Medium Pressure Gasline
 Distribution Low Pressure Gasline

ESB Networks
ESB HV Lines
HV Underground
HV Overhead

HV Overhead
 HV Abandoned
 ESB MVLV Lines
 MV Overhead Three Phase

Standard Outlet
Standard Outle

Proposed
 Under Construction
 Out of Service
 Decommissioned

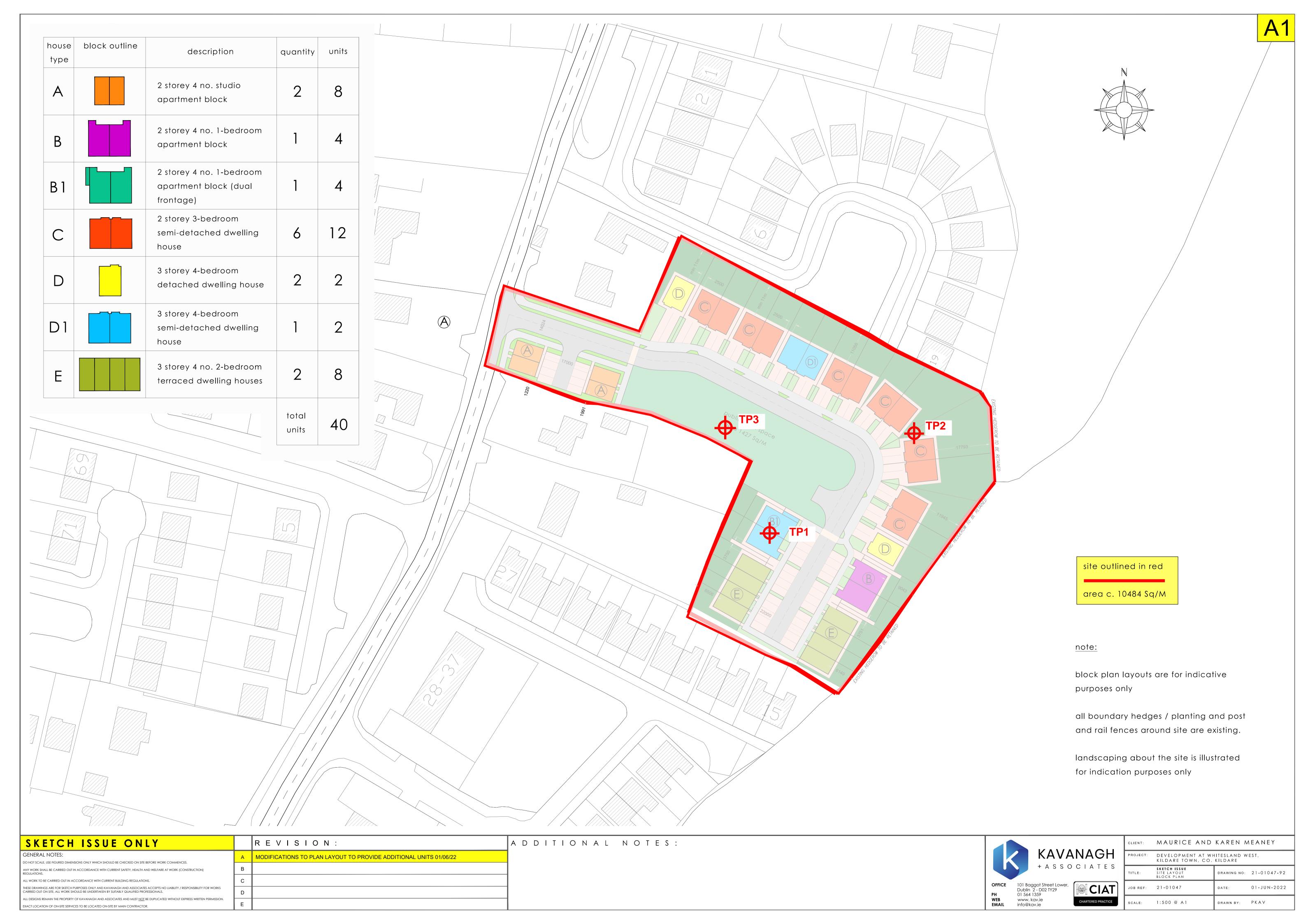
Water Non Service Assets

Water Point Feature

--- Water Pipe

Waste Structure

Appendix B – Infiltration Test





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2249-DOB-XX-XX-SP-S-0001

INFILTRATION TESTING TO BRE DIGEST 365

SPECIFICATION

1. Terms of Reference

Scope: To carry out 3 No. BRE 365 Infiltration Tests and determine the design Soil

Infiltration Rate, **f**

Location: Kildare Town, Co. Kildare

Client: Maurice and Karen Meaney

Sub-Contractor: Appointed contractor to carry out infiltration testing as outlined below.

2. Scope of Works

Number and Location

• 3 No. Infiltration Test are to be carried out; 1 No. at each location as indicated on the attached site sketch

Pit Excavation

- The contractor must set up safety signage and barrier protection in the form of Harris fencing around the work location. The barrier protection must be secure if the site is to be left unattended overnight.
- The contractor must check location plans & service drawings, seek local advice on the whereabouts of services and CAT (Cable Avoidance Tool) locate and carefully mark the route of any traced services.

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& ASSOCIATES CONSULTING ENGINEERS

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- The contractor must set up excavator so that the driver can see the proposed excavation and
 use a toothless bucket to dig slowly through any fill material and into the natural soils while
 continuing to use the CAT as the pit progresses.
- Assuming that no services are found, excavate 3 No. 400mm wide x 2500mm long x 2500mm deep in 300mm lifts to allow the engineer to note the material type. Trial Pits are to be excavated with a backhoe loader or mini excavator. Sides of the pit are to be vertical and trimmed square.
- Each trial pit is to be measured carefully and recorded before commencing the tests.

Initial Soaking

- Each of the 3 No Trial Pits is to be completely filled with water from the base to the Ground Level.
- The Trial Pits are to be left idle for 24 hours to allow them to completely empty prior to carrying out the infiltration testing.
- When filling the pit with water, care is to be taken to ensure that the inflow does not cause
 the walls of the pit to collapse.
- A considerable volume of water is required to determine the soil infiltration rate. It is recommended that the sub-contractor connect to the nearest water hydrant with permission given by the local authority using standpipes and hoses.
- Alternatively, a sufficient number of water bowsers will be required to fill each pit with a minimum of 2.5m3 of water will be required.
- The contractor will need to supply all necessary plant and equipment such as excavators, hoses, stand pipes, bowsers, etc. to complete the testing.

Infiltration Testing

- The day after the initial soaking has taken place, each of the 3 No. Trial Pits are to be filled with water up to Ground Level and allowed to drain 3 times to near empty.
- The 3 filling and emptying cycles should be on the same or consecutive days.
- During each cycle the level and time to empty the pit from full at 100mm intervals is to be recorded. This will clearly define the water level vs. time.

& ASSOCIATES CONSULTING ENGINEERS

UNIT 5C ELM HOUSE MILLENNIUM PARK NAAS CO. KILDARE

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INFO@DOBRIEN-ENGINEERS.IE WWW.DOBRIEN-ENGINEERS.IE

Handling of Results

- Soil Infiltration Rate is to be measured for the time taken for the water to fall from the 75% to the 25% effective storage depth of the pit. The sub-contractor is to record the results under Section 3 Field Results of this Specification.
- Use the lowest **f** value for the design value.
- Calculations are to be provided by the sub-contractor under Section 4 Calculations of this Specification.
- Backfilling of the pits will be carried out immediately following the completion of the excavation in accordance with the specification.

3. Field Results

Trial Pit	: No. 1	Trial F	Pit No. 2	Trial Pit No. 3		
Pit	Time	Pit	Time	Pit	Time	
Depth (mm)	(Seconds)	Depth (mm)	(Seconds)	Depth (mm)	(Seconds)	
2100		1700		2600		
1975	1680	1260	1680	2545	1680	
1825	2400	1110	2340	2515	2220	
1445	7920	850	7800	2355	7680	
1105	13320	660	13140	2145	12960	
Near empty		Near empty		Near empty		

4. Calculations

	TP1			TP2			TP3	
Time (s)	Drop (m) f		Time (s)	Drop (m)	f	Time (s)	Drop (m)	f
	0			0			0	
1680	0.125	7.44E-05	1680	0.44	2.62E-04	1680	0.055	3.27E-05
2400	0.275	6.25E-05	2340	0.59	6.41E-05	2220	0.085	1.35E-05
7920	0.655	4.80E-05	7800	0.85	3.33E-05	7680	0.245	2.08E-05
13320	0.995	2.55E-05	13140	1.04	1.45E-05	12960	0.455	1.62E-05

Appendix C – Confirmation of Feasibility

UISCE EIREANN : IRISH WATER

CONFIRMATION OF FEASIBILITY

Patrick Kavanagh

44 Leeson Street Lower

Dublin 2

26 August 2022

Our Ref: CDS22004741 Pre-Connection Enquiry Whitesland West, Kildare Town, Kildare

Dear Applicant/Agent,

We have completed the review of the Pre-Connection Enquiry.

Irish Water has reviewed the pre-connection enquiry in relation to a Water & Wastewater connection for a Housing Development of 40 unit(s) at Whitesland West, Kildare Town, Kildare, (the **Development**).

Based upon the details provided we can advise the following regarding connecting to the networks;

- Water Connection
- Feasible without infrastructure upgrade by Irish Water
- Wastewater Connection
- Feasible without infrastructure upgrade by Irish Water

Separate storm and foul water connection services have to be provided for the Development. The surface and storm water from the site must be discharged only into an existing storm water network that does not discharge to a foul sewer.

This letter does not constitute an offer, in whole or in part, to provide a connection to any Irish Water infrastructure. Before the Development can be connected to our network(s) you must submit a connection application and be granted and sign a connection agreement with Irish Water.

As the network capacity changes constantly, this review is only valid at the time of its completion. As soon as planning permission has been granted for the Uisce Éireann Bosca OP 448 Oifig Sheachadta na Cathrach Theas Cathair Chorcaí

Irish Water PO Box 448, South City Delivery Office, Cork City.

www.water.ie

Development, a completed connection application should be submitted. The connection application is available at www.water.ie/connections/get-connected/

Where can you find more information?

- **Section A -** What is important to know?
- Section B Details of Irish Water's Network(s)

This letter is issued to provide information about the current feasibility of the proposed connection(s) to Irish Water's network(s). This is not a connection offer and capacity in Irish Water's network(s) may only be secured by entering into a connection agreement with Irish Water.

For any further information, visit www.water.ie/connections, email newconnections@water.ie or contact 1800 278 278.

Yours sincerely,

Yvonne Harris

Head of Customer Operations

Worne Haceis

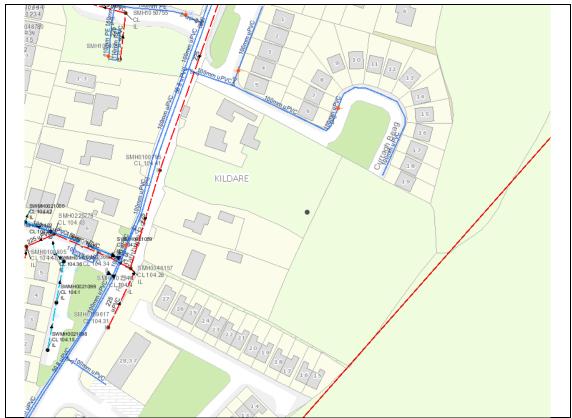
Section A - What is important to know?

What is important to know?	Why is this important?
Do you need a contract to connect?	Yes, a contract is required to connect. This letter does not constitute a contract or an offer in whole or in part to provide a connection to Irish Water's network(s).
	Before the Development can connect to Irish Water's network(s), you must submit a connection application and be granted and sign a connection agreement with Irish Water.
When should I submit a Connection Application?	A connection application should only be submitted after planning permission has been granted.
Where can I find information on connection charges?	Irish Water connection charges can be found at: https://www.water.ie/connections/information/charges/
Who will carry out the connection work?	All works to Irish Water's network(s), including works in the public space, must be carried out by Irish Water*.
	*Where a Developer has been granted specific permission and has been issued a connection offer for Self-Lay in the Public Road/Area, they may complete the relevant connection works
Fire flow Requirements	The Confirmation of Feasibility does not extend to fire flow requirements for the Development. Fire flow requirements are a matter for the Developer to determine.
	What to do? - Contact the relevant Local Fire Authority
Plan for disposal of storm water	The Confirmation of Feasibility does not extend to the management or disposal of storm water or ground waters.
	What to do? - Contact the relevant Local Authority to discuss the management or disposal of proposed storm water or ground water discharges.
Where do I find details of Irish Water's network(s)?	Requests for maps showing Irish Water's network(s) can be submitted to: datarequests@water.ie

What are the design requirements for the connection(s)?	•	The design and construction of the Water & Wastewater pipes and related infrastructure to be installed in this Development shall comply with <i>the Irish Water Connections and Developer Services Standard Details and Codes of Practice,</i> available at www.water.ie/connections
Trade Effluent Licensing	•	Any person discharging trade effluent** to a sewer, must have a Trade Effluent Licence issued pursuant to section 16 of the Local Government (Water Pollution) Act, 1977 (as amended).
	•	More information and an application form for a Trade Effluent License can be found at the following link: https://www.water.ie/business/trade-effluent/about/ **trade effluent is defined in the Local Government (Water Pollution) Act, 1977 (as amended)

Section B - Details of Irish Water's Network(s)

The map included below outlines the current Irish Water infrastructure adjacent the Development: To access Irish Water Maps email datarequests@water.ie



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Note: The information provided on the included maps as to the position of Irish Water's underground network(s) is provided as a general guide only. The information is based on the best available information provided by each Local Authority in Ireland to Irish Water.

Whilst every care has been taken in respect of the information on Irish Water's network(s), Irish Water assumes no responsibility for and gives no guarantees, undertakings or warranties concerning the accuracy, completeness or up to date nature of the information provided, nor does it accept any liability whatsoever arising from or out of any errors or omissions. This information should not be solely relied upon in the event of excavations or any other works being carried out in the vicinity of Irish Water's underground network(s). The onus is on the parties carrying out excavations or any other works to ensure the exact location of Irish Water's underground network(s) is identified prior to excavations or any other works being carried out. Service connection pipes are not generally shown but their presence should be anticipated.